## **SCUOLA PRIMARIA**

**CLASSE SECONDA** 

Functions	Grammar forms and structures	Vocabulary
- Talking about days of the week / months / seasons: What day is it today? Today is When is your birthday? It's on Monday. It's in January.	<ul> <li>Use of capital letters for days of the week and months</li> <li>Question word When?</li> <li>Prepositions (time): in (with months), on (with days of the week)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Days of the week: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday</li> <li>Months of the year: January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December</li> </ul>
- Asking and saying the age: How old are you? I'm	- Question word: <i>How old?</i>	• old
- Identifying numbers and counting: eleven pens and twenty books		• Numbers: eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty
<ul> <li>Showing things (near and at a distance):</li> <li>This is my hat. That is my bike.</li> <li>Guessing: What's this / that?</li> <li>Is it a / an?</li> </ul>	- Demonstrative pronouns: this, that	<ul> <li>Toys and personal objects: doll, teddy bear, train, ball, car, scooter, video game, skateboard, bike</li> <li>Items of clothing: hat, jumper, trousers, shoes, T-shirt, skirt, dress, socks, scarf</li> </ul>
- Asking and talking about personal possessions, family and relations: Is this your pencil? / Is that your brother? Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. I've got a sister. / I've got an exercise book. Have you got a / an? Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.	<ul> <li>Verb have got (affirmative and interrogative form): I've got Have you got?</li> <li>Short answers with have got</li> <li>Irregular plural: child / children</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Family members: mum, dad, grandma, grandpa, sister, brother, parents</li> <li>Other persons: boy, girl, teacher, friend, child/children</li> </ul>

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- Describing objects, people, animals: It's a red pen. It's a big elephant.	Position of adjectives	<ul> <li>Adjectives</li> <li>for objects: new, old, clean, dirty</li> <li>for people: fat, thin</li> </ul>
- Asking and saying position of objects: Where is the?  It is in	- Question word: <i>Where?</i> - Prepositions (place): <i>in, on, under</i>	• Places in the school: classroom, hall, playground, toilet, gym, corridor, offices
- Expressing likes and dislikes: I like I don't like My favourite is I like apples and pears. I like apples, but I don't like carrots.	<ul> <li>Verb like (affirmative and negative form, present simple, 1<sup>st</sup> person singular)</li> <li>Linking word: but</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Food: apple, banana, strawberry, pear, orange, lemon, tomato, carrot, potato, pizza, sandwich, ice cream</li> <li>Drinks: water, orange juice, milk, cola, hot chocolate</li> <li>Sports: skiing, swimming, football, tennis, skateboarding, ice-skating, hockey, volleyball, basket, badminton, dancing</li> </ul>
- Expressing physical states and feelings: I'm hungry.		• Adjectives for physical states: hot, cold, tired, hungry, thirsty for feelings: fine, happy, sad
- Talking about special occasions, events and celebrations: It's Christmas!		<ul> <li>Special occasions and celebrations</li> <li>Party: party, present, balloon, candle, cake, party hat</li> <li>Halloween: pumpkin, bat, monster, ghost, witch, stocking</li> <li>Christmas: tree, balls, lights, decorations, star, presents</li> <li>Easter: rabbit, egg</li> </ul>

**Grammar forms and structures** 

**Functions** 

Vocabulary